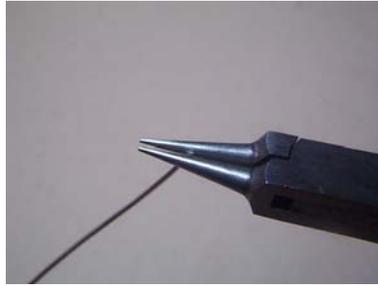


Simple Loops

1.



Grab your wire with the tip of your round nose pliers.

The end of the wire should not stick out from between the pliers, but should be flush with the side.

2.



Roll the pliers towards you, until the end of the wire comes around to form a letter "P".

Adjust your hand if necessary, but be sure to do your bending with the pliers, not by pushing the wire around the nose of the pliers.

3.



Grab the inside of the "P" at the neck where the two pieces of wire meet.

4.



Gently pull back or down on the pliers; this will bring the loop upwards.

Adjust the loop so that it sits on "top" of the wire, as pictured.

Slide a bead onto the wire.

5.



Push the bead all the way down against the bottom loop.

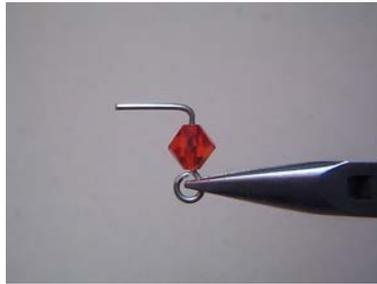
Grab the wire with the tip of your chain nose pliers. It is important to use just the tip of your pliers, as this will determine how much "air space" will be between your bead and the two loops.

6.



Holding the wire in with your pliers, push the wire back, away from you, until it sits at a 90° angle.

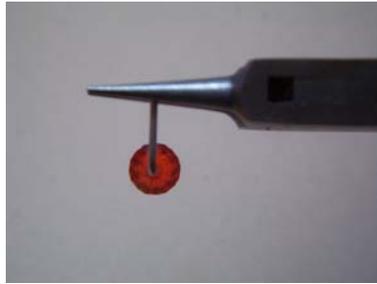
7.



Cut off approximately all except a ¼” to ½” tail of wire.

The length of the wire tail will depend on the size of loop you are making.

8.



Grab the wire again, in approximately the same location and way that you did in step 1.

Grabbing the wire in the same location on your pliers makes your loops more uniform in size.

9.



As in step 2, gently roll the wire towards you.

Because you have already made a 90° angle in the wire in step 7, the loop should end pretty close to being lined up correctly.

10.



If you left too long of a tail, trim a small amount off the end and continue rolling the wire.

If your loops are slightly off center, straighten them up...the wire is very forgiving.